



Nigeria Centre for Disease Control

Protecting the health of Nigerians

www.ncdc.gov.ng

PLOT 801 EBITU UKIWE STREET, JABI ABUJA, NIGERIA. **TOLL FREE CALL**: 0800-970000-10. **Email**: info@ncdc.gov.ng

@NCDCgov

Lassa fever Situation Report

Epi Week 27: 29 June - 05 July 2020

Key Points

Table 1: Summary of current week (27), cumulative from Epi week 01–27, 2020 and comparison with previous year (2019)

Reporting Period			Probable cases	Deaths (Confirmed cases)	Case Fatality Ratio (CFR)	States and LGAs affected (Confirmed cases)		
Current week (week 27)	52	3	0	0	0.0%	State(s): 2 LGA(s): 3		
2020 Cumulative (week 1-27)	5253	1043	14	218	20.9%	State(s): 27 LGA(s): 129		
2019 Cumulative (week 1-27)	2959	615	17	136	22.6%	State(s): 22 LGA(s): 83		

Highlights

- In week 27, the number of new confirmed cases decreased from 4 in week 26, 2020 to 3 cases. These were reported from 2 States (Ondo and Edo) (Table 3).
- Cumulatively from week 1 to week 27, 2020, 218 deaths have been reported with a case fatality rate (CFR) of 20.9% which is lower than the CFR for the same period in 2019 (22.6%).
- In total for 2020, 27 States have recorded at least one confirmed case across 129 Local Government Areas (Figure 2 and 3).
- Of all confirmed cases, 72% are from Ondo (33%), Edo (32%) and Ebonyi (7%) States.
- The predominant age-group affected is 21-30 years (Range: <1 to 78 years, Median Age: 33 years). The male to female ratio for confirmed cases is 1:1.2 (Figure 4).
- The number of suspected cases has significantly increased compared to that reported for the same period in 2019.
- No new Healthcare worker was affected in the reporting week 27.
- Lassa fever outbreak emergency phase declared over on the 28th of April 2020 based on composite indicators national threshold.
- National Lassa fever multi-partner, multi-sectoral Technical Working Group (TWG) continues to coordinate the response activities at all levels.

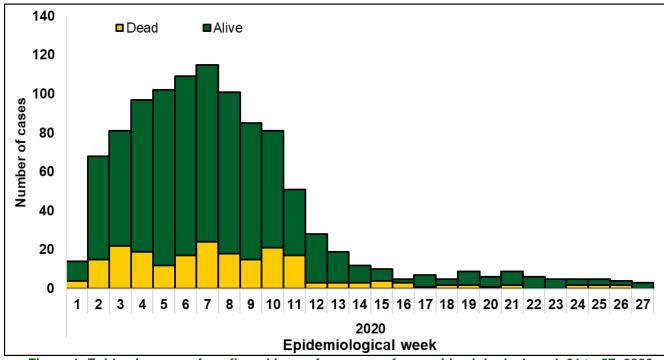


Figure 1. Epidemic curve of confirmed Lassa fever cases from epidemiological week 01 to 27, 2020

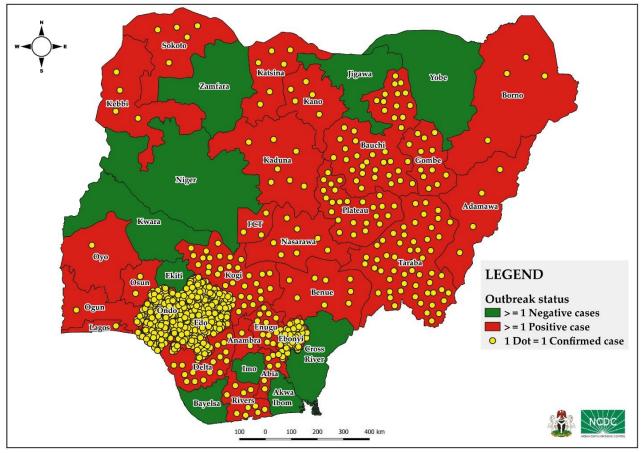
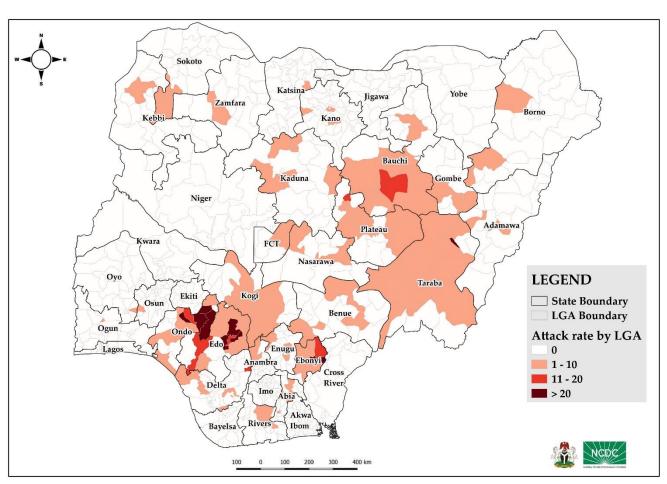


Figure 2. Confirmed Lassa fever cases by States in Nigeria, week 01-27, 2020

Lassa Fever Situation Report



Epi Week: 27 2020

Figure 3. Confirmed Lassa fever rate per 100,000 population for LGAs in Nigeria, week 01-27, 2020

Table 2: Key indicators for current week 2020 and trend compared to previous week, Nigeria

Indicator	Number for current week	Trend from previous week	Cumulative number for 2020	
Probable cases	0	←→	14	
Health Care Worker affected	0	←→	41	
Cases undergoing treatment in Treatment centres	4	↓	1065	
Contact tracing				
Cumulative contact listed	15	→	9841	
Contacts under follow up	18	→	18	
Contacts completed follow up	17	↓	9722	
Symptomatic contacts	0	←→	172	
Positive contacts	0	←→	57	
Contacts lost to follow up	0	←→	44	

Key **1** ı

Increase
Decrease
No difference

Lassa Fever Situation Report

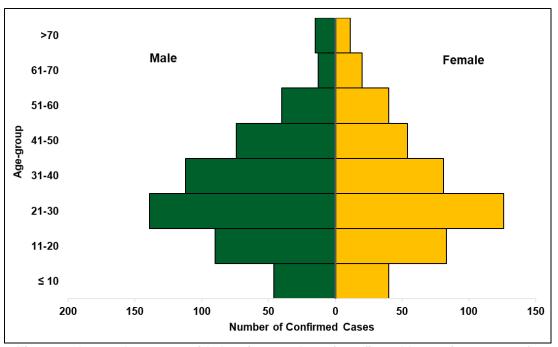
Table 3. Weekly and Cumulative number of suspected and confirmed cases for 2020

Epi Week: 27 2020

			Curr	ent we	ek: (Week 2	27)		Cumulat	ive (Wee	k1-	27)
	States		Ca	ses			Deaths		Cases			Deaths
	Juico	Suspected	Confirmed	Trend	Probable HO	W	(Confirmed Cases)	Suspected	Confirmed	Probable	HCW	(Confirmed Cases)
1	Abia							54	5			2
2	Adamawa							18	4			1
3	Akwa Ibom							12				
4	Anambra							31	2			1
5	Bauchi							317	44	3	7	20
6	Bayelsa							6				
7	Benue							44	9		1	4
8	Borno							30	4		1	1
9	Cross River							13				
10	Delta							129	16		3	3
11	Ebonyi							302	76		1	22
12	Edo	41	2	A				2085	337	1	10	39
13	Ekiti							14				
14	Enugu							65	10			2
15	FCT							70	3			2
16	Gombe							46	9	1	1	2
17	lmo							20				
18	Jigawa	1						29			1	
19	Kaduna							128	7	2	1	5
20	Kano							13	5	2	3	1
21	Katsina							46	6	1	1	2
22	Kebbi							30	4			2
23	Kogi							112	38	1		8
24	Kwara							15				
25	Lagos							32	1			
26	Nasarawa							46	9			4
27	Niger							10				
28	Ogun							36	1			
29	Ondo	8	1	•				1094	347	1	10	61
30	Osun							32	2			
31	Оуо							12	1			
32	Plateau	1						151	32			8
33	Rivers							21	9			3
34	Sokoto							23	5			3
35	Taraba	1						144	57	2	1	22
36	Yobe							5				
37	Zamfara							18				
	Total	52	3	•	0	0	0	5253	1043	14	41	218



Lassa Fever Situation Report



Epi Week: 27 2020

Figure 4. Age and sex pyramid showing number of confirmed Lassa fever cases for 2020

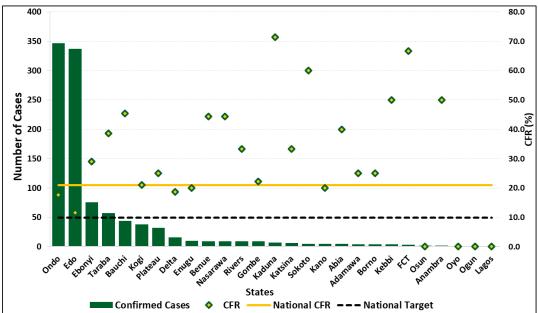


Figure 5: Number of confirmed cases with case fatality rate (CFR) by state, week 01-27, 2020

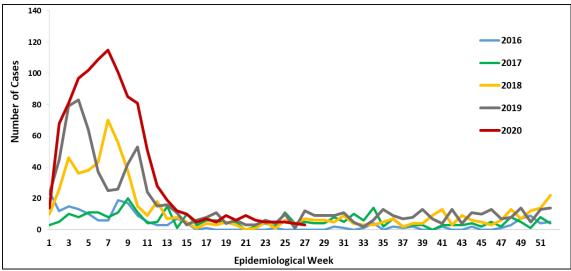


Figure 6: Trend of confirmed cases by epidemiological week, 2016 - 2020 (27), Nigeria

Response activities

- The National multisectoral Lassa fever Emergency Operations Centre (EOC) was activated to coordinate response activities across States. States with confirmed cases have activated statelevel EOCs.
- National Rapid Response Teams have been deployed from NCDC to support response activities in ten States
- Surge staff (Doctors, Nurses, Laboratorians and Hygienist) deployed to ISTH and FMC Owo
- State Public Health Emergency Operations Centre activated in affected States
- The five Lassa fever molecular laboratories in the NCDC network are working full capacity to ensure that all samples are tested and results provided within the shortest turnaround time
- NCDC is working to support every state in Nigeria to identify one treatment centre, while supporting existing ones with care, treatment and IPC commodities
- Risk communications and community engagement activities have been scaled up across states using television, radio, print, social media and other strategies
- Implementation of Lassa fever Environmental response campaign in high burden states by Federal Ministry of Environment

Notes on this report

Data Source

Information for this disease was case based data retrieved from the National Lassa fever Emergency Operations Centre.

Case definitions

- Suspected case: any individual presenting with one or more of the following: malaise, fever, headache, sore throat, cough, nausea, vomiting, diarrhoea, myalgia, chest pain, hearing loss and either a. History of contact with excreta or urine of rodents b. History of contact with a probable or confirmed Lassa fever case within a period of 21 days of onset of symptoms OR Any person with inexplicable bleeding/hemorrhagia.
- Confirmed case: any suspected case with laboratory confirmation (positive IgM antibody, PCR or virus isolation)
- Probable case: any suspected case (see definition above) who died or absconded without collection of specimen for laboratory testing
- Contact: Anyone who has been exposed to an infected person, or to an infected person's secretions, excretions, or tissues within three weeks of last contact with a confirmed or probable case of Lassa fever

Calculations

Case Fatality Rate (CFR) for this disease is reported for confirmed cases only

























Epi **Week: 27 2020**

