



Nigeria Centre for Disease Control

Protecting the health of Nigerians

Epi Week: 50 2021

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Lassa fever Situation Report

Epi Week 50: 13 - 19 December 2021

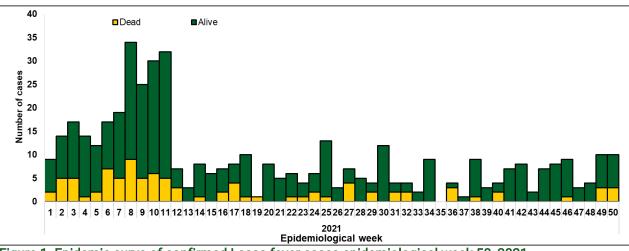
Key Points

Table 1: Summary of current week (50), cumulative from Epi week 01-50, 2021 and comparison with previous year (2020)

Reporting Period	Suspected cases	Confirmed cases	Probable cases	Deaths (Confirmed cases)	Case Fatality Ratio (CFR)	States and LGAs affected (Confirmed cases)		
Current week (week 50)	190	10	0	3	30.0%	State(s): 4 LGA(s): 8		
2021 Cumulative (week 1-50)	4273	454	5	92	20.3%	State(s): 17 LGA(s): 66		
2020 Cumulative (week 1-50)	6590	1163	14	241	20.7%	State(s): 27 LGA(s): 130		

Highlights

- In week 50, the number of new confirmed cases is the same as reported in week 49, 2021 (10 cases). These were reported from Ondo, Bauchi, Edo and Ebonyi States (Table 3)
- Cumulatively from week 1 to week 50, 2021, 92 deaths have been reported with a case fatality rate (CFR) of 20.3% which is lower than the CFR for the same period in 2020 (20.7%)
- In total for 2021, 17 States have recorded at least one confirmed case across 66 Local Government Areas (Figure 2 and 3)
- Of all confirmed cases, 83% are from Edo (43%), Ondo (35%) and Taraba (5%) States.
- The predominant age-group affected is 21-30 years (Range: <1 to 70 years, Median Age: 29 years). The male to female ratio for confirmed cases is 1:0.9 (Figure 4)
- The number of suspected cases has decreased compared to that reported for the same period in 2020
- Two new Healthcare workers affected in the reporting week 50
- National Lassa fever multi-partner, multi-sectoral Technical Working Group (TWG) continues to coordinate the response activities at all levels



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Figure 1. Epidemic curve of confirmed Lassa fever cases epidemiological week 50, 2021

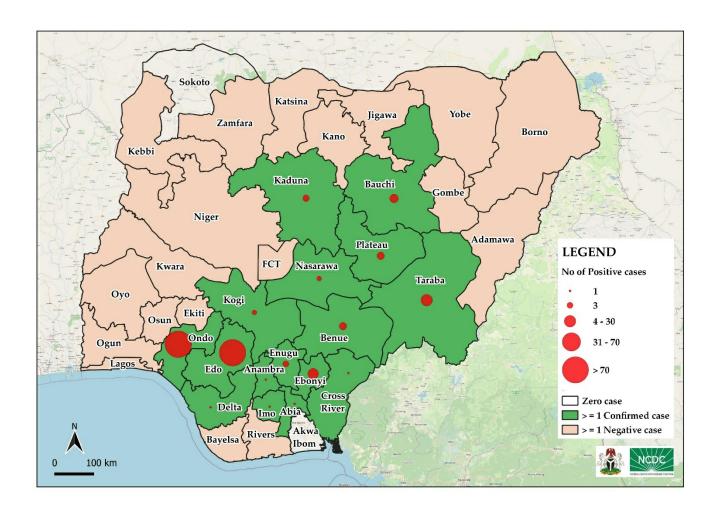


Figure 2. Confirmed Lassa fever cases by States in Nigeria, week 50, 2021

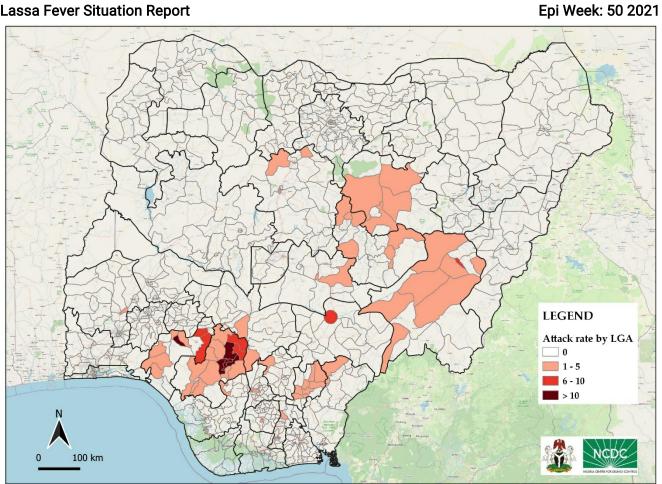


Figure 3. Confirmed Lassa fever rate per 100,000 population for LGAs in Nigeria, week 50, 2021

Indicator	Number for current week	Trend from previous week	Cumulative number for 2020		
Probable cases	0	N N	5		
Health Care Worker affected	2	0 0	10		
Cases undergoing treatment in Treatment centres	10	M	425		
C ontact tracing	'				
C umulative contact listed	43	Ø	3437		
C ontacts under follow up	512	Ø	512		
Contacts completed follow up	58	N	2899		
Symptomatic contacts	9	N	40		
Positive contacts	5	M	19		
Contacts lost to follow up	0	N N	7		

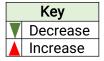
Table 2: Key indicators for current week 2021 and trend compared to previous week, Nigeria

Key Increase Decrease No difference

			Cur	k 50)	Cumulative (W eek 1 - 50)							
	Ctatas	Cases Deaths						Cases Deaths				
	States	Suspected	Confirmed	Trend	Probable	HCW *	(Confirmed Cases)	Suspected	Confirmed	Probable	HCW *	(Confirmed Cases)
1	Edo	93	2	V				2581	197			14
2	Ondo	37	4	▼		2		922	159	1	6	45
3	Taraba							71	21	1	1	12
4	Bauchi	10	3	A			2	107	18	1		5
5	Ebonyi	6	1	A			1	138	18			9
6	Benue							31	8			
7	Plateau							34	8			
8	Kaduna	1						44	7			4
9	Enugu							14	5	1	1	1
10	Nasarawa	10						63	3	1	2	2
11	Kogi							16	3			
12	FCT	28		▼				50	2			
13	Cross River							4	1			
14	Im o	1						9	1			
15	Anambra	1						7	1			
16	Delta	1						48	1			
17	Abia							8	1			
18	Plateu	1						1				
19	Sokoto							2				
20	Kwara							4				
21	Bayelsa							3				
22	Katsina							2				
23	Niger							1				
24	O gu n							3				
25	Оуо							4				
26	Rivers							9				
27	Zam fara							1				
28	Jigaw a							10				
29	Adamawa							8				
30	Gombe							22				
31	Lagos	1						15				
32	Kano							13				
33	Ekiti							3				
34	Yobe							4				
35	Kebbi							2				
36	Borno							13				
37	O su n							3				
	Total	190	10		0	2	3	4270	454	5	10	92

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Table 3. Weekly and Cumulative number of suspected and confirmed cases for 2021



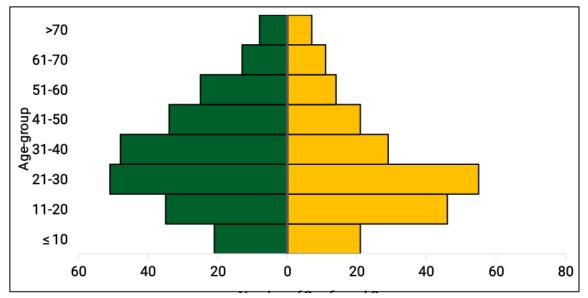


Figure 4. Age and sex pyramid showing number of confirmed Lassa fever cases for 2021

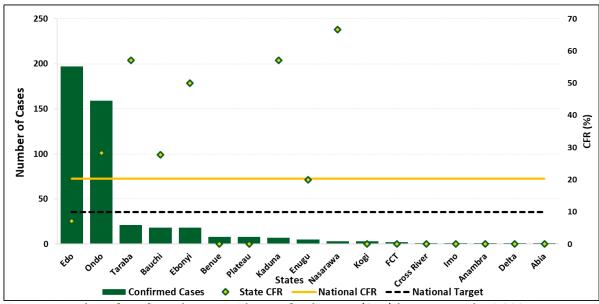


Figure 5: Number of confirmed cases with case fatality rate (CFR) by state week 50 2021

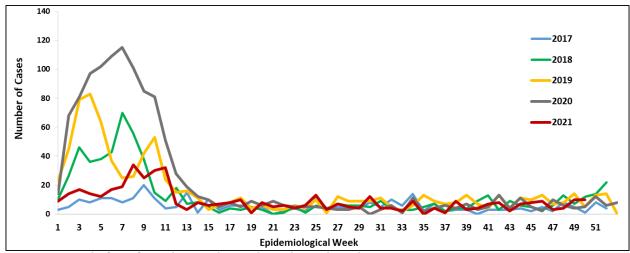


Figure 6: Trend of confirmed cases by epidemiological week, 2017-2021, Nigeria

Response activities

 Conducted 2021 Lassa fever high burden States preparedness/response engagement meeting

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- Lassa fever alert letters sent to States
- The National Emergency Operations Centre alert mode activated 2021 for effective multisectoral, multi-disciplinary coordination of Lassa fever response
- State Public Health Emergency Operations Centre activated in affected States
- The five Lassa fever molecular laboratories in the NCDC network are working full capacity to ensure that all samples are tested and results provided within the shortest turnaround time
- Confirmed cases are treated at identified treatment centres across the states
- Dissemination of reviewed case management and safe burial practices guidelines
- Risk communications and community engagement activities have been scaled up across states using television, radio, print, social media and other strategies
- Implementation of Lassa fever Environmental response campaign in high burden states by Federal Ministry of Environment
- Deployment of National Rapid Respond Teams to three States to support Lassa fever Response

Notes on this report

Data Source

Information for this disease was case based data retrieved from the National Lassa fever Emergency Operations Centre.

Case definitions

- Suspected case: any individual presenting with one or more of the following: malaise, fever, headache, sore throat, cough, nausea, vomiting, diarrhoea, myalgia, chest pain, hearing loss and either a. History of contact with excreta or urine of rodents b. History of contact with a probable or confirmed Lassa fever case within a period of 21 days of onset of symptoms OR Any person with inexplicable bleeding/hemorrhagia.
- Confirmed case: any suspected case with laboratory confirmation (positive IgM antibody, PCR or virus isolation)
- **Probable case**: any suspected case (see definition above) who died or absconded without collection of specimen for laboratory testing
- Contact: Anyone who has been exposed to an infected person, or to an infected person's secretions, excretions, or tissues within three weeks of last contact with a confirmed or probable case of Lassa fever

Calculations

Case Fatality Rate (CFR) for this disease is reported for confirmed cases only